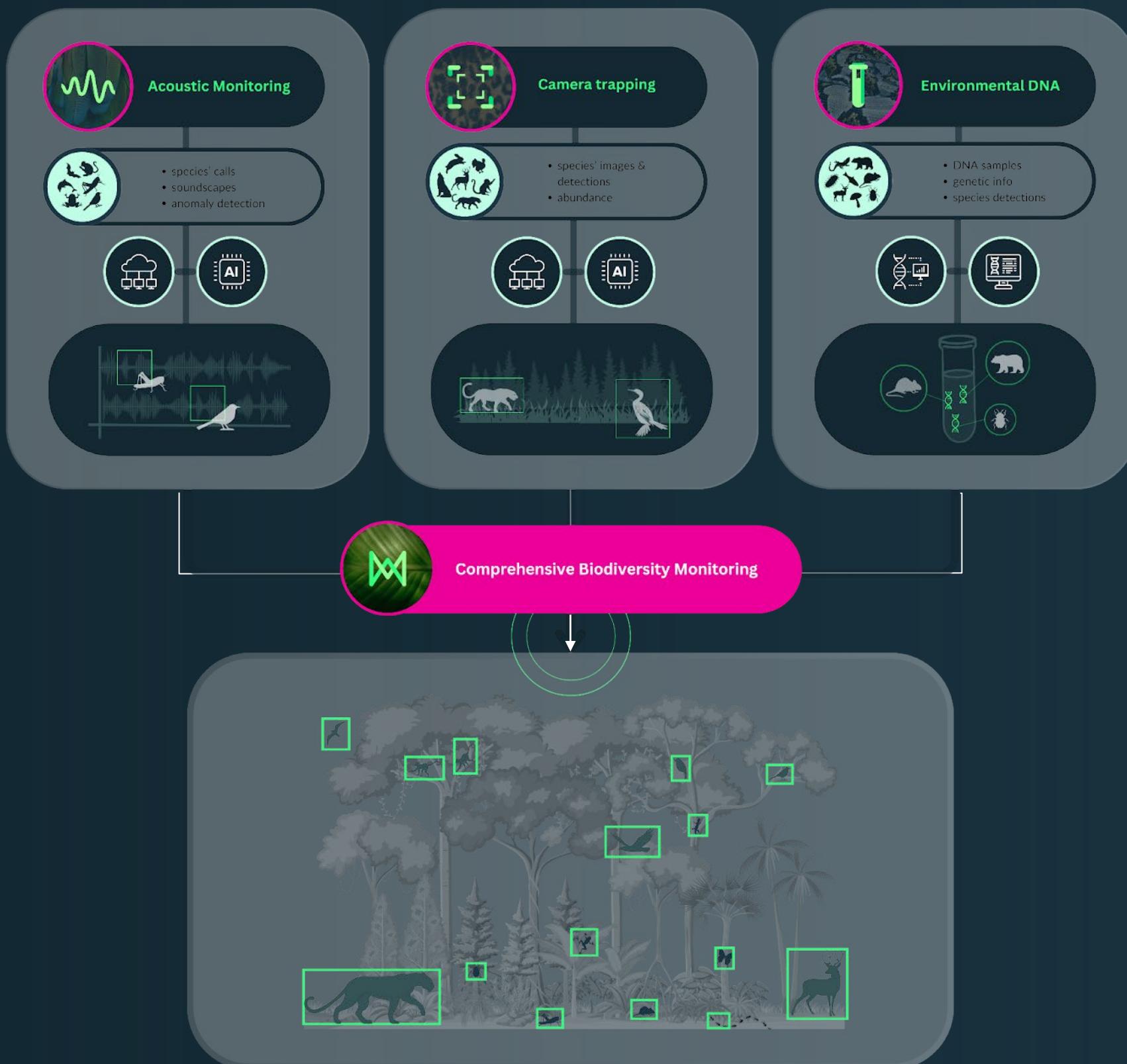




Acoustic Monitoring for the determination of soundscapes and its application in environmental monitoring

 **Nelson Buainain** | Data Science Lead
nelson@wildmon.ai | WildMon.ai





WildMon

We aim to improve how we monitor biodiversity by seamlessly integrating acoustics, camera traps, and eDNA to empower informed decisions, promote conservation, and support ecosystems.



What wildlife live in here?

How common are they?

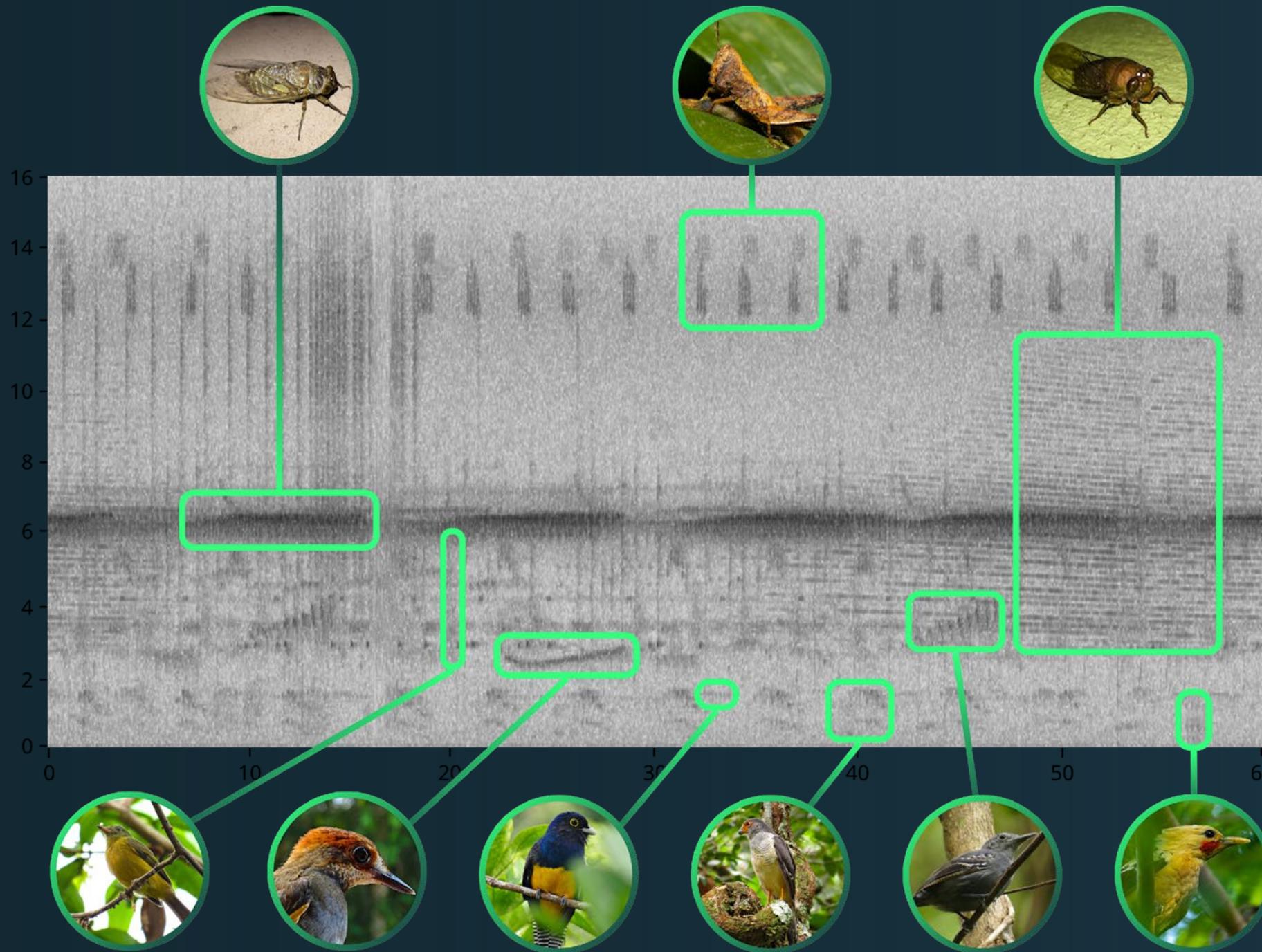
How are they distributed and why?

How dynamic are their populations?





Solution - Acoustic Monitoring

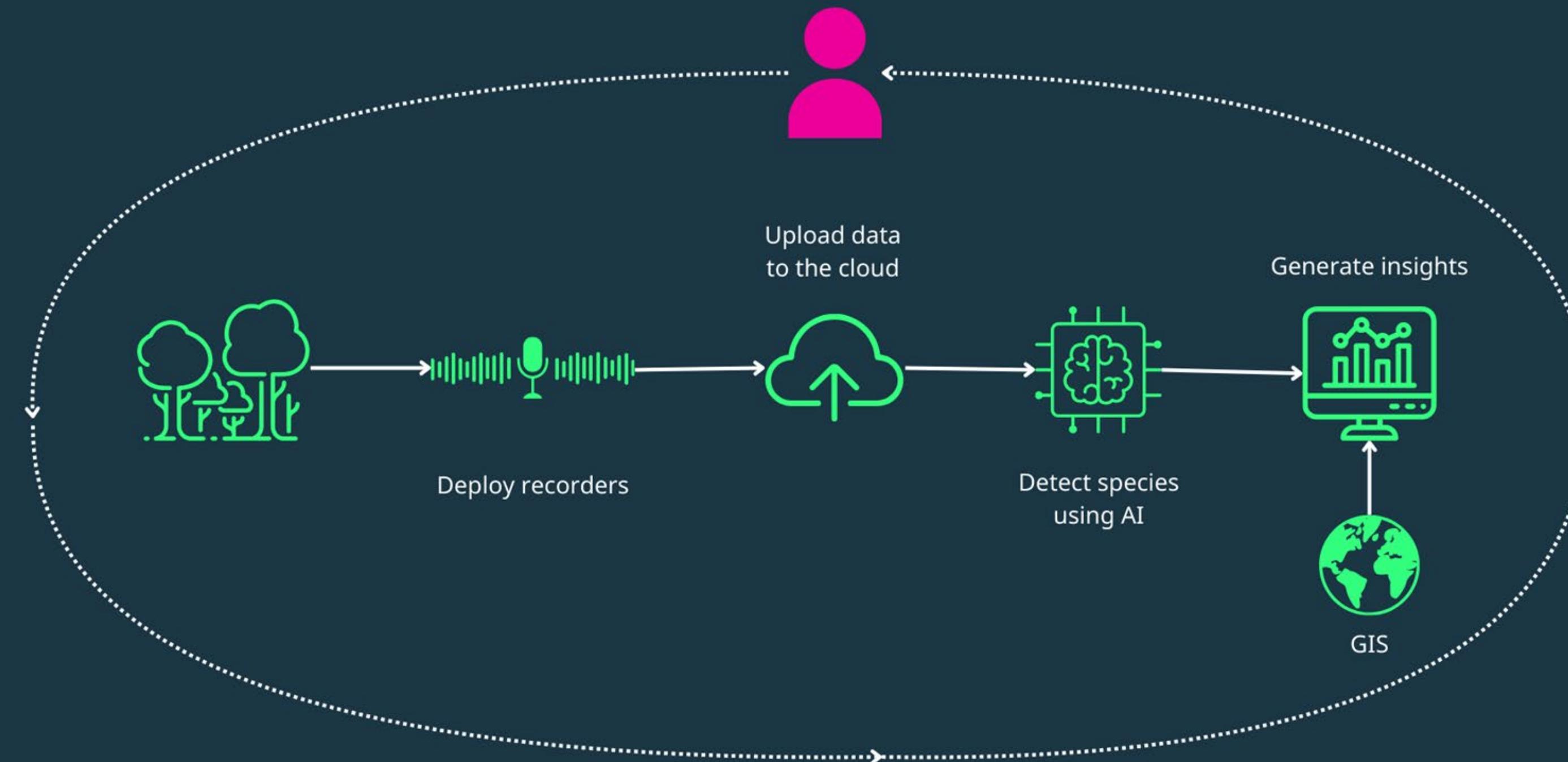


- Less invasive
- Covers large areas (360°)
- Long, continuous time frames
- Survey multiple species simultaneously
- Permanent audio archive



Harnessing the power of AI

Acoustics Pipeline.

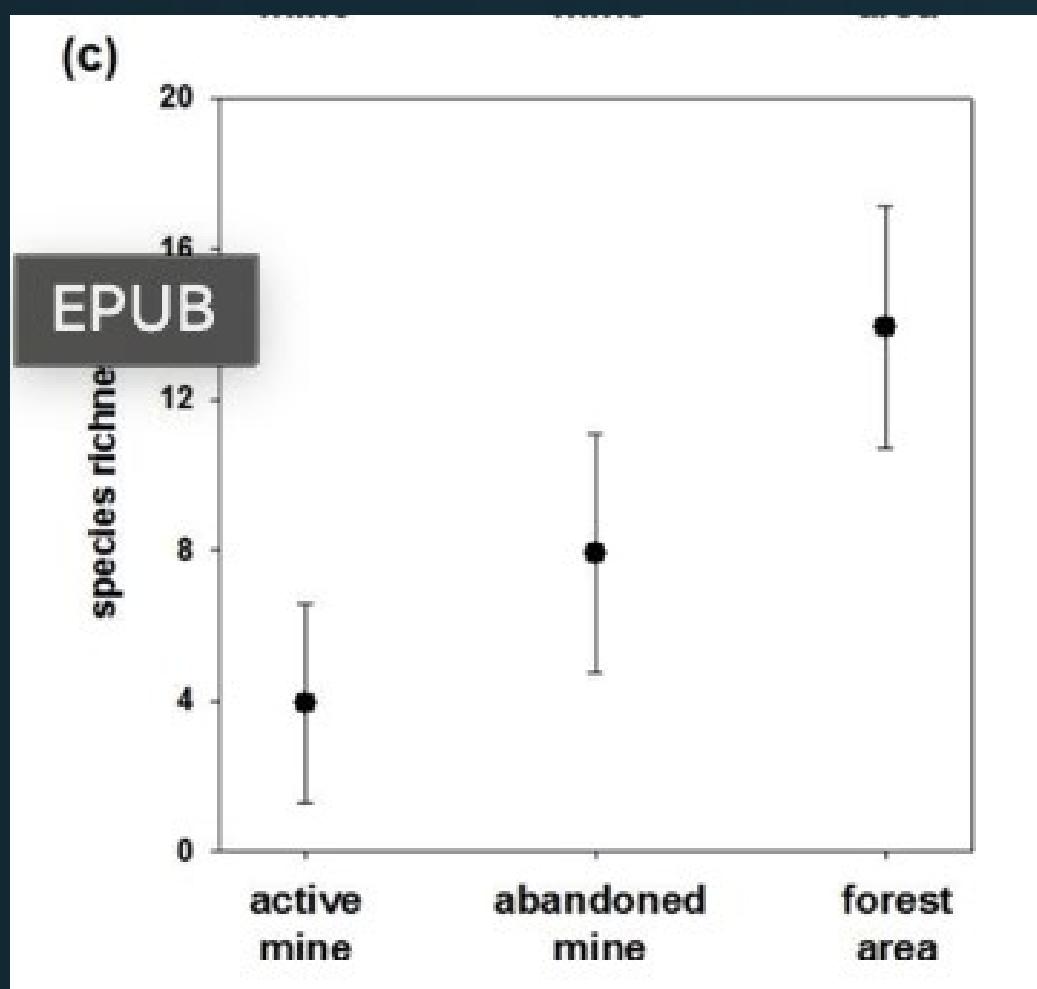




Acoustic monitoring in the Amazon

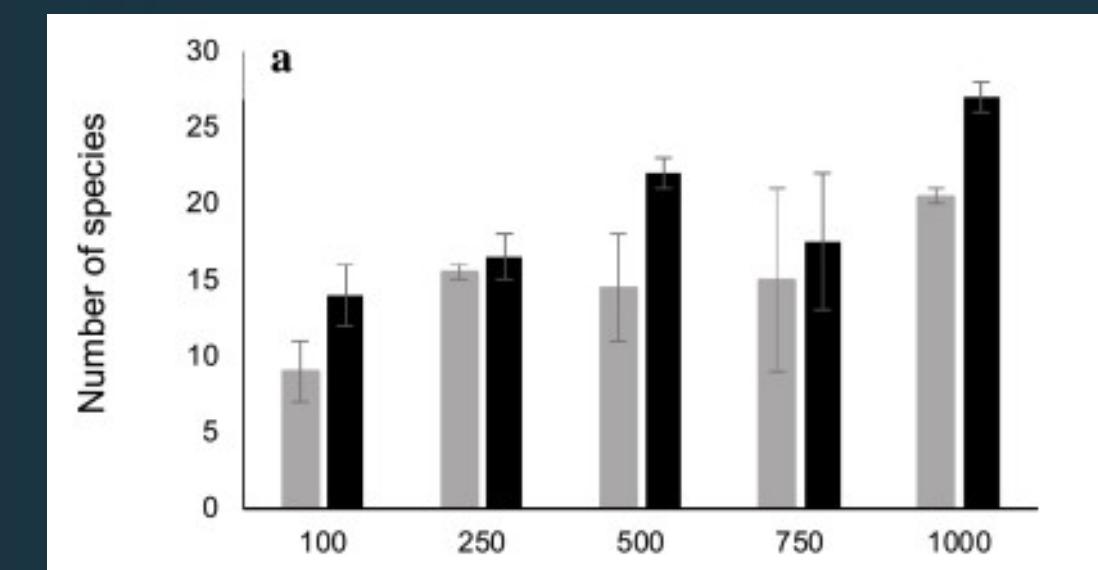
Impacts of Small-Scale Gold Mining on Birds and Anurans Near the Tambopata Natural Reserve, Peru, Assessed Using Passive Acoustic Monitoring

Nora Alvarez-Berrios^{1,*}, Marconi Campos-Cerdeira², Andrés Hernández-Serna², C.J. Amanda Delgado³, Francisco Román-Dañobeytia^{4,5}, and T. Mitchell Aide²



Soundscapes analysis and acoustic monitoring document impacts of natural gas exploration on biodiversity in a tropical forest

Jessica L. Deichmann^{a,*}, Andrés Hernández-Serna^{b,c}, J. Amanda Delgado C.^{a,d}, Marconi Campos-Cerdeira^{b,c}, T. Mitchell Aide^{b,c}

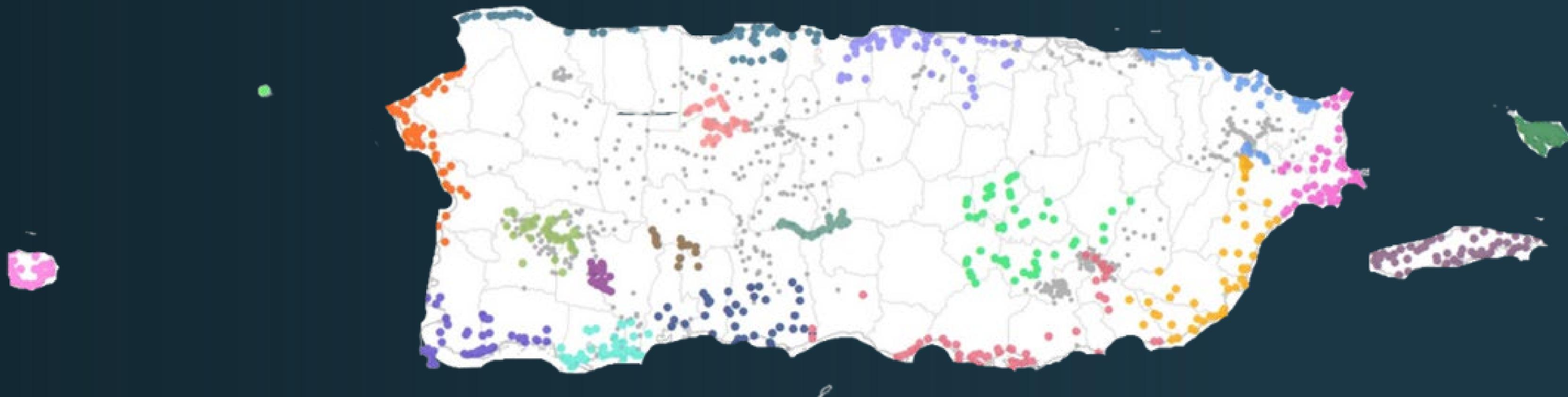




Regional Acoustic Monitoring - Caribbean

1500 sampling sites
98 species, including
27 endemics

19 threatened
16 invasive species





Regional Acoustic Monitoring - Caribbean

There is a **mismatch** between current protected areas and suitable habitat under climate change scenarios.





Global Real-Time Biodiversity Monitoring



Acoustics
eDNA
Camera traps

Point counts
GBIF

Tracking changes in biodiversity over time & space provides essential data for:

evidence-based decision-making

monitoring progress towards GBF targets



 WildMon.ai

 nelson@wildmon.ai

